## Higher Level

| Clip | Grade | Title of clip | Question(s) | Marked out of | Score | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 154. | 5. | Negative Indices | 1-2 | 5 |  |  |
| 155.. | 5. | Error Intervals | 3-4 | 4 |  |  |
| 156. | 5. | Mathematical Reasoning | .5-6 | 5 |  |  |
| 177. . | 6. | Recurring Decimals to Fractions | . . 7 | 4 | $\square$ | - |
| 188. | 7. | Fractional Indices. | 10-11 | 8 |  |  |
| 189.. | . 7. | Recurring Decimals - Proof. | . 8-9 | 6 |  |  |
| 206. | . 8/9 | Upper and Lower Bounds | .12-15 | 14 |  |  |
| 207. | 8/9. | Surds | . $16-20$ | 19 |  |  |

## Out of 65 <br> TOTAL SCORE



1) a) Find the value of $4^{-3}$ $\qquad$ 1
b) Find the value of $2^{-5} \times 5^{-1}$ $\qquad$
2) Write these numbers in order of size, starting with the smallest.

3) A number, $x$, rounded to 1 decimal place is 7.2 Write down the error interval of $x$.
$\qquad$
4) A number, $x$, rounded to 3 significant figures is 34600

Write down the error interval of $x$.
$\qquad$
5) Tony says, "Squaring an odd number always results in an even number."

Is he correct? $\qquad$
Write down a calculation to support your answer.
6) $P$ is an odd number.
$Q$ is an even number.
Explain why $\boldsymbol{P} \times \boldsymbol{Q}+\mathbf{1}$ is always an odd number.
7) Write each recurring decimal as an exact fraction in its simplest form.
a) $0 . \dot{6}$
$\qquad$
b) $0 . \dot{3} 7 \dot{2}$
8) Prove algebraically that $0 . \ddot{4} \dot{5}=\frac{5}{11}$
9) Express the recurring decimal $0.7 \dot{3} \dot{9}$ as a fraction in its simplest form.
10) a) Find the value of $64^{\frac{2}{3}}$ $\qquad$ 2
b) Find the value of $25^{-\frac{3}{2}}$ $\qquad$ 3
11) If $16^{x}=\frac{1}{8}$, find the value of $x$.

$$
x=
$$

$\qquad$ 3
12) The weight of a football is 425 grams, to the nearest gram.
a) What is the minimum the weight could be?
b) What is the maximum the weight could be?
$\qquad$ g $\quad 1$
13) A rectangular field has a width of 37 metres, measured to the nearest metre.
a) What is the upper bound of the width?
$\qquad$ m 1

The length of the field is 115 metres, measured to the nearest 5 metres.
b) Work out the upper bound for the perimeter of the field.
$\qquad$
14) A ball is thrown vertically upwards with a speed, $V$, in metres per second.
The height, $H$, in metres, to which it rises is given by:

$$
H=\frac{V^{2}}{2 g}
$$

where $g$, in $\mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$, is the acceleration due to gravity.
$V=34.3$ correct to 3 significant figures.
$g=9.8$ correct to 2 significant figures.
a) What is the lower bound of $g$ ?
$\longrightarrow \quad 1$
b) Calculate the upper bound of $H$.

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.
$\longrightarrow 3$
15) A floodlight tower is marked

> | WATTAGE NOT TO EXCEED |
| :---: |
| 300000 WATTS |

The spotlights on the tower are rated at 2500 watts each and the manufacturer can only guarantee accuracy to the nearest 100 watts.
a) What is the maximum number of spotlights that can safely be put on the tower?
$\longrightarrow \quad 2$
The formula $\boldsymbol{W}=\boldsymbol{I}^{2} \boldsymbol{R}$ connects $W$ (watts), $I$ (amps) and $R$ (ohms).
For one of the spotlights, the value of $I$ is 25 amps measured to 2 significant figures.
b) What is the minimum possible value of $R$ ? Give your answer to 2 significant figures.
$\qquad$

20) The diagram shows a triangle $A B C$ of area $36 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. The length of $A B$ is $6 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$.


Calculate the perpendicular height $(h)$ of the triangle.
Write your answer in the form $p \sqrt{3}$, where $p$ is an integer.

